

# 三年级上册数学口算竖式脱式混合计算每日一练30天

姓名: \_\_\_\_\_ 日期: \_\_\_\_\_ 用时: \_\_\_\_\_

## 一、直接写出得数

$442 \times 8 =$

$81 - 55 =$

$654 + 339 =$

$960 - 117 =$

$389 + 289 =$

$170 + 680 =$

$29 + 15 =$

$478 \times 1 =$

$780 - 476 =$

$406 \times 1 =$

$46 \div 2 =$

$940 - 150 =$

$39 + 36 =$

$77 \div 7 =$

$94 - 58 =$

$236 \times 8 =$

$1000 + 2000 =$

$4000 - 1000 =$

$6000 - 2000 =$

## 二、列竖式计算

$308 + 309 =$

$579 + 209 =$

$756 - 287 =$

$735 - 198 =$


$491 \times 7 =$


$179 \times 5 =$


$872 - 137 =$


$159 + 149 =$





## 三、脱式计算

$(59 + 51) \div 10$

$13 \times 10 \div 10$

$(194 - 41) \div 9$

$57 + 17 \times 4$

$291 - 20 \times 7$

$(60 + 52) \div 7$

$22 \times 9 \div 9$

$19 \times 9 + 159$

$(90 - 69) \div 3$

# 三年级上册数学口算竖式脱式混合计算每日一练30天

姓名: \_\_\_\_\_ 日期: \_\_\_\_\_ 用时: \_\_\_\_\_

## 一、直接写出得数

$99 \div 9 =$

$449 \times 7 =$

$60 \div 3 =$

$840 - 210 =$

$85 - 28 =$

$289 \times 4 =$

$146 \times 1 =$

$70 - 39 =$

$18 + 26 =$

$168 + 779 =$

$259 + 289 =$

$25 + 19 =$

$207 \times 1 =$

$650 - 180 =$

$980 - 119 =$

$984 - 107 =$

$7000 - 1000 =$

$4000 + 2000 =$

$1000 + 4000 =$

## 二、列竖式计算

$704 - 299 =$

$890 - 389 =$

$127 + 176 =$

$493 + 449 =$

$215 + 245 =$

$904 - 178 =$

$495 \times 5 =$

$356 \times 5 =$

$15 \times 10 - 46$

$98 + 48 \div 3$

$(127 - 91) \div 4$

$37 + 10 \times 10$

$(63 + 54) \div 9$

$153 \div 9 \times 14$

$(336 - 146) \div 10$

$(52 + 52) \div 8$

$225 \div 9 \times 2$

# 三年级上册数学口算竖式脱式混合计算每日一练30天

姓名: \_\_\_\_\_ 日期: \_\_\_\_\_ 用时: \_\_\_\_\_

## 一、直接写出得数

$37+47=$

$704-437=$

$224 \times 6=$

$60 \div 3=$

$229 \times 1=$

$50-18=$

$40-19=$

$544+348=$

$99 \div 9=$

$263 \times 2=$

$740-350=$

$130 \times 3=$

$370+250=$

$425-106=$

$39+39=$

$102+259=$

$2000+4000=$

$2000+7000=$

$4000-3000=$

## 二、列竖式计算

$180 \times 4=$

$227 \times 8=$

$574-355=$

$117+439=$

$398+469=$

$981-119=$

$308+239=$

$997-108=$

## 三、脱式计算

$(77-59) \div 2$

$(78+57) \div 9$

$176 \div 8 \times 21$

$198-3 \times 10$

$23 \times 9 \div 9$

$48 \div 6+62$

$(100+53) \div 9$

$160 \div 8-10$

$(68-23) \div 9$

# 三年级上册数学口算竖式脱式混合计算每日一练30天

姓名: \_\_\_\_\_ 日期: \_\_\_\_\_ 用时: \_\_\_\_\_

## 一、直接写出得数

$18+29=$

$47+17=$

$305+556=$

$970-260=$

$380+200=$

$348 \times 7=$

$82-34=$

$849+135=$

$96 \div 3=$

$123 \times 4=$

$118 \times 1=$

$651-133=$

$80 \div 2=$

$332 \times 3=$

$80-19=$

$743-545=$

$3000+3000=$

$1000+6000=$

$1000+2000=$

## 二、列竖式计算

$674+229=$

$992-498=$

$468+424=$

$342 \times 4=$

$207+259=$

$792-485=$

$203 \times 4=$

$775-237=$

$184 \div 8 \times 18$

$(57+53) \div 10$

$(55+89) \div 8$

## 三、脱式计算

$58+4 \times 2$

$140+126 \div 7$

$(213-99) \div 6$

$(269-141) \div 8$

$17 \times 9 \div 9$

$210-45 \div 3$

# 三年级上册数学口算竖式脱式混合计算每日一练30天

姓名: \_\_\_\_\_ 日期: \_\_\_\_\_ 用时: \_\_\_\_\_

## 一、直接写出得数

$870-720=$

$350+260=$

$39+56=$

$685-427=$

$453 \times 1=$

$80-29=$

$832-193=$

$73-28=$

$96 \div 3=$

$124 \times 7=$

$39+51=$

$372 \times 9=$

$351 \times 1=$

$26 \div 2=$

$219+482=$

$257+313=$

$3000+3000=$

$1000+1000=$

$2000+1000=$

## 二、列竖式计算

$883-719=$

$228 \times 5=$

$229+509=$

$760-134=$

$159 \times 7=$

$107+463=$

$277+187=$

$770-209=$

$210 \div 10 \times 30$

$32+72 \div 6$

$(84+52) \div 8$

$164-33 \div 3$

$(199-185) \div 2$

$(202-88) \div 6$

$(73+55) \div 8$

$150 \div 6 \times 19$

$167-162 \div 9$

# 三年级上册数学口算竖式脱式混合计算每日一练30天

姓名: \_\_\_\_\_ 日期: \_\_\_\_\_ 用时: \_\_\_\_\_

## 一、直接写出得数

$29+14=$

$466 \times 1=$

$815-699=$

$107 \times 3=$

$92-26=$

$890-120=$

$292 \times 4=$

$117 \times 1=$

$62-29=$

$38+17=$

$358+239=$

$730-179=$

$239+147=$

$930-190=$

$99 \div 3=$

$99 \div 9=$

$3000+6000=$

$8000+1000=$

$1000+4000=$

## 二、列竖式计算

$963-158=$

$785-599=$

$106 \times 8=$

$158+574=$

$175+516=$

$176+295=$

$157 \times 3=$

$990-151=$

## 三、脱式计算

$191+20 \times 9$

$80 \div 4-10$

$(165-113) \div 4$

$(52+67) \div 7$

$(46-16) \div 6$

$29 \times 5 \div 5$

$100 \div 5-10$

$128 \div 8 \times 25$

$(50+50) \div 10$

# 三年级上册数学口算竖式脱式混合计算每日一练30天

姓名: \_\_\_\_\_ 日期: \_\_\_\_\_ 用时: \_\_\_\_\_

## 一、直接写出得数

$93 \div 3 =$

$91 - 29 =$

$76 - 29 =$

$354 + 107 =$

$58 + 16 =$

$116 \times 6 =$

$90 \div 3 =$

$160 + 440 =$

$264 \times 1 =$

$58 + 28 =$

$940 - 130 =$

$110 \times 7 =$

$450 \times 3 =$

$599 + 188 =$

$862 - 219 =$

$822 - 258 =$

$2000 + 3000 =$

$7000 + 1000 =$

$4000 + 3000 =$

## 二、列竖式计算

$591 - 467 =$

$158 \times 6 =$

$209 \times 7 =$

$349 + 569 =$


$446 - 108 =$


$747 + 104 =$


$798 + 158 =$


$370 - 189 =$





## 三、脱式计算

$120 \div 6 - 10$

$(157 - 133) \div 8$

$18 \times 7 \div 6$

$(180 - 168) \div 2$

$(58 + 59) \div 9$

$180 \div 9 - 10$

$(50 + 50) \div 10$

$23 \times 10 \div 10$

$66 - 52 \div 4$

# 三年级上册数学口算竖式脱式混合计算每日一练30天

姓名: \_\_\_\_\_ 日期: \_\_\_\_\_ 用时: \_\_\_\_\_

## 一、直接写出得数

$197 \times 3 =$

$275 + 566 =$

$890 - 529 =$

$32 + 39 =$

$950 - 170 =$

$324 \times 2 =$

$19 + 47 =$

$24 \div 2 =$

$147 + 844 =$

$950 - 237 =$

$451 \times 1 =$

$108 \times 8 =$

$40 \div 2 =$

$64 - 18 =$

$51 - 19 =$

$800 - 130 =$

$2000 + 3000 =$

$9000 - 7000 =$

$6000 + 1000 =$

## 二、列竖式计算

$455 \times 9 =$

$444 + 126 =$

$344 - 109 =$

$460 \times 2 =$

$187 + 265 =$

$259 + 282 =$

$822 - 588 =$

$990 - 232 =$

## 三、脱式计算

$(52 + 83) \div 9$

$(99 + 53) \div 8$

$28 \times 7 \div 7$

$(188 - 166) \div 2$

$127 + 76 \div 4$

$19 \times 9 \div 9$

$60 - 5 \times 5$

$64 \div 8 + 191$

$(337 - 175) \div 9$

# 三年级上册数学口算竖式脱式混合计算每日一练30天

姓名: \_\_\_\_\_ 日期: \_\_\_\_\_ 用时: \_\_\_\_\_

## 一、直接写出得数

$300+180=$

$485 \times 1=$

$508+266=$

$810-353=$

$17+27=$

$239 \times 4=$

$871-153=$

$33 \div 3=$

$200+150=$

$196 \times 5=$

$60 \div 2=$

$57+16=$

$869+109=$

$102 \times 3=$

$83-28=$

$88-39=$

$8000-4000=$

$5000+1000=$

$3000+2000=$

## 二、列竖式计算

$703-425=$

$961-449=$

$169+697=$

$368+323=$

$474 \times 9=$

$781-149=$

$323 \times 2=$

$225+447=$

## 三、脱式计算

$240 \div 10 \times 24$

$(115-40) \div 5$

$160 \div 8-10$

$225 \div 9 \times 6$

$16 \times 8-68$

$13 \times 8-63$

$(80+80) \div 10$

$(266-154) \div 8$

$(53+55) \div 9$

# 三年级上册数学口算竖式脱式混合计算每日一练30天

姓名: \_\_\_\_\_ 日期: \_\_\_\_\_ 用时: \_\_\_\_\_

## 一、直接写出得数

$40 \div 2 =$

$160 + 170 =$

$43 + 28 =$

$224 \times 2 =$

$383 + 309 =$

$114 \times 8 =$

$60 - 29 =$

$77 \div 7 =$

$307 \times 5 =$

$990 - 130 =$

$981 - 117 =$

$402 \times 2 =$

$286 + 698 =$

$672 - 259 =$

$19 + 57 =$

$81 - 49 =$

$4000 + 5000 =$

$5000 + 1000 =$

$5000 - 4000 =$

## 二、列竖式计算

$118 \times 2 =$

$943 - 508 =$

$512 + 108 =$

$549 + 118 =$

$205 + 219 =$

$408 \times 3 =$

$981 - 388 =$

$732 - 369 =$

$223 - 7 \times 9$

$(52 - 13) \div 3$

$(62 + 73) \div 9$

$14 \times 10 \div 7$

$(277 - 172) \div 7$

$130 \div 10 \times 6$

$85 \div 5 + 5$

$2 + 3 \times 2$

$(73 + 53) \div 9$

# 三年级上册数学口算竖式脱式混合计算每日一练30天

姓名: \_\_\_\_\_ 日期: \_\_\_\_\_ 用时: \_\_\_\_\_

## 一、直接写出得数

$208 \times 4 =$

$200 + 590 =$

$202 \times 3 =$

$231 \times 6 =$

$676 + 225 =$

$39 + 24 =$

$64 \div 2 =$

$88 \div 4 =$

$791 - 585 =$

$127 + 225 =$

$82 - 15 =$

$125 \times 1 =$

$61 - 18 =$

$743 - 435 =$

$410 - 160 =$

$39 + 29 =$

$4000 + 1000 =$

$1000 + 5000 =$

$8000 - 1000 =$

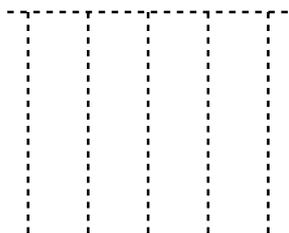
## 二、列竖式计算

$931 - 539 =$

$355 + 285 =$

$117 + 227 =$

$206 + 277 =$



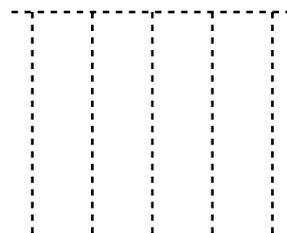
$319 \times 7 =$



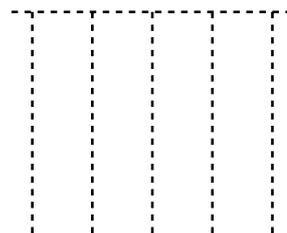
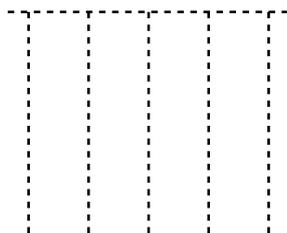
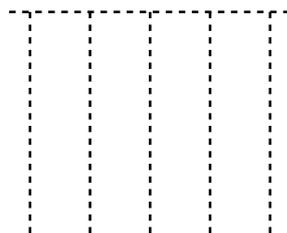
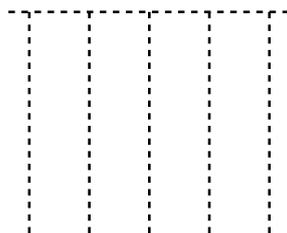
$222 \times 2 =$



$996 - 103 =$



$966 - 228 =$



## 三、脱式计算

$261 \div 9 \times 10$

$(204 - 114) \div 6$

$(79 - 15) \div 8$

$43 + 13 \times 5$

$20 \times 6 + 186$

$108 + 20 \times 8$

$(51 + 68) \div 7$

$(72 + 99) \div 9$

$28 \times 4 \div 7$

# 三年级上册数学口算竖式脱式混合计算每日一练30天

姓名: \_\_\_\_\_ 日期: \_\_\_\_\_ 用时: \_\_\_\_\_

## 一、直接写出得数

$104 \times 2 =$

$62 - 37 =$

$219 + 127 =$

$84 \div 2 =$

$483 \times 4 =$

$107 \times 8 =$

$980 - 180 =$

$970 - 145 =$

$55 + 29 =$

$200 + 750 =$

$72 - 25 =$

$38 + 15 =$

$617 + 116 =$

$229 \times 1 =$

$69 \div 3 =$

$953 - 407 =$

$5000 - 1000 =$

$4000 + 4000 =$

$1000 + 8000 =$

## 二、列竖式计算

$386 \times 4 =$

$405 \times 3 =$

$676 - 199 =$

$365 + 199 =$


$127 + 845 =$


$351 + 409 =$


$771 - 114 =$


$771 - 455 =$





## 三、脱式计算

$121 + 200 \div 10$

$20 \times 6 \div 6$

$(59 + 77) \div 8$

$14 \times 14 \div 7$

$(24 - 12) \div 2$

$9 \times 9 - 17$

$(212 - 182) \div 6$

$120 \div 6 - 10$

$(55 + 65) \div 10$

# 三年级上册数学口算竖式脱式混合计算每日一练30天

姓名: \_\_\_\_\_ 日期: \_\_\_\_\_ 用时: \_\_\_\_\_

## 一、直接写出得数

$66 \div 3 =$

$169 + 389 =$

$94 - 55 =$

$310 + 590 =$

$66 \div 2 =$

$770 - 230 =$

$26 + 25 =$

$45 + 38 =$

$418 \times 6 =$

$90 - 44 =$

$790 - 199 =$

$860 - 249 =$

$496 \times 1 =$

$529 + 229 =$

$282 \times 3 =$

$300 \times 3 =$

$8000 - 7000 =$

$1000 + 5000 =$

$5000 - 1000 =$

## 二、列竖式计算

$311 \times 4 =$

$852 - 406 =$

$313 + 568 =$

$403 \times 4 =$

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$842 - 698 =$

--	--	--	--	--

$643 - 206 =$

--	--	--	--	--

$396 + 116 =$

--	--	--	--	--

$284 + 107 =$

--	--	--	--	--

--	--	--	--	--

--	--	--	--	--

--	--	--	--	--

## 三、脱式计算

$143 - 17 \times 6$

$160 \div 10 \times 8$

$170 + 27 \div 3$

$(59 + 53) \div 8$

$153 \div 9 + 70$

$(179 - 59) \div 10$

$(122 - 18) \div 8$

$(57 + 63) \div 10$

$26 \times 9 \div 9$

# 三年级上册数学口算竖式脱式混合计算每日一练30天

姓名: \_\_\_\_\_ 日期: \_\_\_\_\_ 用时: \_\_\_\_\_

## 一、直接写出得数

$259 \times 1 =$

$750 - 529 =$

$56 - 19 =$

$464 \times 5 =$

$66 \div 2 =$

$438 + 137 =$

$791 - 126 =$

$24 + 28 =$

$280 + 270 =$

$53 - 14 =$

$69 + 25 =$

$242 \times 7 =$

$770 - 340 =$

$109 + 656 =$

$84 \div 4 =$

$383 \times 1 =$

$6000 - 2000 =$

$5000 - 1000 =$

$1000 + 5000 =$

## 二、列竖式计算

$392 \times 5 =$

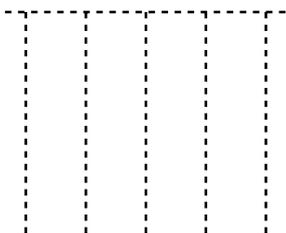
$635 - 289 =$

$128 + 864 =$

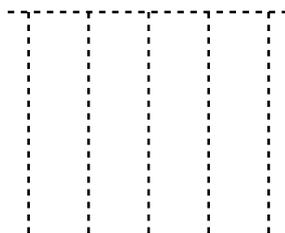
$983 - 268 =$



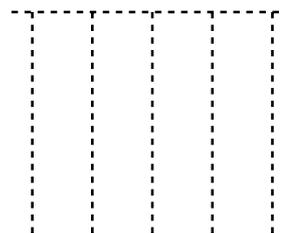
$240 \times 8 =$



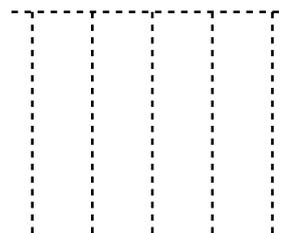
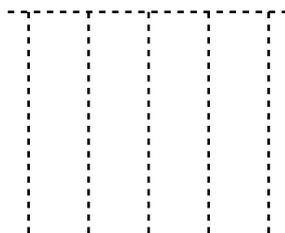
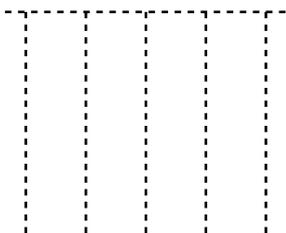
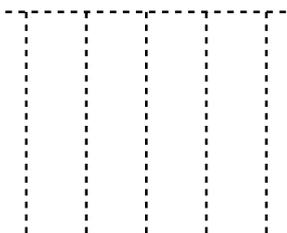
$187 + 463 =$



$544 - 279 =$



$399 + 448 =$



## 三、脱式计算

$(307 - 199) \div 6$

$(52 + 65) \div 9$

$56 \div 7 + 81$

$152 \div 8 \times 7$

$18 \times 6 \div 6$

$(50 + 50) \div 5$

$(124 - 68) \div 7$

$199 + 55 \div 5$

$16 \times 7 - 11$

# 三年级上册数学口算竖式脱式混合计算每日一练30天

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## 一、直接写出得数

$13+28=$

$941-349=$

$64 \div 2=$

$429+128=$

$58+33=$

$500+450=$

$94-29=$

$68 \div 2=$

$110 \times 8=$

$191 \times 4=$

$82-17=$

$251 \times 1=$

$830-409=$

$215 \times 5=$

$700+200=$

$218+159=$

$6000-5000=$

$8000-4000=$

$3000+1000=$

## 二、列竖式计算

$607+246=$

$119+435=$

$830-697=$

$801-567=$

$720-415=$

$407+189=$

$418 \times 3=$

$322 \times 8=$

## 三、脱式计算

$(107-51) \div 7$

$18 \times 6 \div 6$

$(81+55) \div 8$

$16 \times 4+33$

$(52+50) \div 6$

$(294-158) \div 8$

$13 \times 9 \div 9$

$199+42 \div 3$

$15 \times 9-14$

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姓名: \_\_\_\_\_ 日期: \_\_\_\_\_ 用时: \_\_\_\_\_

## 一、直接写出得数

$29+43=$

$106 \times 8=$

$22 \div 2=$

$343+127=$

$642-429=$

$900-109=$

$268+146=$

$630-470=$

$81-18=$

$60 \div 6=$

$70-46=$

$78+17=$

$471 \times 1=$

$720-510=$

$317 \times 1=$

$481 \times 8=$

$1000+1000=$

$2000+6000=$

$5000+4000=$

## 二、列竖式计算

$458 \times 6=$

$990-189=$

$522-228=$

$439+494=$

$216 \times 4=$

$518+236=$

$704-198=$

$117+615=$

$27 \times 5 \div 9$

$48 \div 3 + 133$

$3 \times 2 + 3$

$8 \times 6 + 71$

$(203-149) \div 9$

$(57+53) \div 10$

$176 \div 8 \times 2$

$(206-170) \div 3$

$(52+58) \div 10$

# 三年级上册数学口算竖式脱式混合计算每日一练30天

姓名: \_\_\_\_\_ 日期: \_\_\_\_\_ 用时: \_\_\_\_\_

## 一、直接写出得数

$169+473=$

$414 \times 2=$

$82-18=$

$17+29=$

$82-26=$

$339+184=$

$390+380=$

$884-335=$

$84 \div 4=$

$28 \div 2=$

$18+28=$

$416 \times 8=$

$941-489=$

$710-120=$

$206 \times 1=$

$192 \times 2=$

$6000+2000=$

$5000-2000=$

$6000-1000=$

## 二、列竖式计算

$864-337=$

$267 \times 5=$

$194 \times 5=$

$122+588=$


$196+348=$


$913-197=$


$269+685=$


$330-169=$





## 三、脱式计算

$20 \times 8 + 132$

$220 \div 10 \times 28$

$(67+53) \div 6$

$(248-164) \div 7$

$(97-57) \div 2$

$60 \div 3 - 10$

$15 \times 12 \div 6$

$(65+71) \div 8$

$100 \div 5 - 10$

# 三年级上册数学口算竖式脱式混合计算每日一练30天

姓名: \_\_\_\_\_ 日期: \_\_\_\_\_ 用时: \_\_\_\_\_

## 一、直接写出得数

$66 \div 3 =$

$910 - 379 =$

$58 + 18 =$

$468 + 297 =$

$466 \times 1 =$

$396 + 137 =$

$407 \times 9 =$

$410 - 107 =$

$17 + 19 =$

$300 + 120 =$

$303 \times 3 =$

$63 \div 3 =$

$67 - 28 =$

$110 + 110 =$

$63 - 14 =$

$483 \times 4 =$

$1000 + 5000 =$

$6000 - 1000 =$

$9000 - 6000 =$

## 二、列竖式计算

$453 \times 4 =$

$359 + 239 =$

$430 - 222 =$

$990 - 111 =$

$372 \times 4 =$

$358 + 294 =$

$208 + 145 =$

$460 - 193 =$

$200 - 10 \times 4$

$138 \div 6 \times 23$

$16 \times 8 - 90$

$20 \div 5 + 3$

$(376 - 186) \div 10$

$(179 - 159) \div 2$

$170 \div 10 \times 15$

$(80 + 55) \div 9$

$(56 + 72) \div 8$

# 三年级上册数学口算竖式脱式混合计算每日一练30天

姓名: \_\_\_\_\_ 日期: \_\_\_\_\_ 用时: \_\_\_\_\_

## 一、直接写出得数

$860-190=$

$24+29=$

$63-18=$

$494 \times 1=$

$44+19=$

$88 \div 2=$

$580+140=$

$374 \times 7=$

$81-39=$

$177 \times 7=$

$266+194=$

$314 \times 2=$

$343-209=$

$683-228=$

$20 \div 2=$

$119+875=$

$7000-4000=$

$7000+2000=$

$9000-6000=$

## 二、列竖式计算

$398+195=$

$227+159=$

$650-267=$

$509+249=$

$890-149=$

$983-107=$

$111 \times 5=$

$399 \times 8=$

$(51+85) \div 8$

$154 \div 7 \times 15$

$(152-128) \div 4$

$(190-155) \div 7$

$200 \div 10 - 10$

$45 \div 5 + 74$

$207 \div 9 \times 14$

$(66+51) \div 9$

$177+12 \div 3$

# 三年级上册数学口算竖式脱式混合计算每日一练30天

姓名: \_\_\_\_\_ 日期: \_\_\_\_\_ 用时: \_\_\_\_\_

## 一、直接写出得数

$980-100=$

$327 \times 3=$

$253 \times 1=$

$981-118=$

$18+16=$

$315 \times 8=$

$216 \times 1=$

$90-59=$

$70-19=$

$22 \div 2=$

$620+340=$

$48 \div 4=$

$425-316=$

$202+508=$

$178+468=$

$21+69=$

$6000-2000=$

$5000+3000=$

$4000+4000=$

## 二、列竖式计算

$843-615=$

$334+576=$

$347+156=$

$436 \times 4=$


$952-764=$


$237+217=$


$820-418=$


$341 \times 7=$





## 三、脱式计算

$(50+69) \div 7$

$170 \div 10+102$

$120-3 \times 8$

$(190-146) \div 4$

$29 \times 5 \div 5$

$21 \times 9 \div 9$

$(60+84) \div 8$

$3 \times 3+10$

$(63-15) \div 6$

# 三年级上册数学口算竖式脱式混合计算每日一练30天

姓名: \_\_\_\_\_ 日期: \_\_\_\_\_ 用时: \_\_\_\_\_

## 一、直接写出得数

$522-103=$

$433 \times 2=$

$190+100=$

$16+39=$

$422 \times 2=$

$430 \times 8=$

$91-26=$

$565+407=$

$40 \div 2=$

$108 \times 6=$

$80 \div 4=$

$992-137=$

$90-45=$

$350-200=$

$27+44=$

$539+389=$

$1000+1000=$

$7000-2000=$

$4000+4000=$

## 二、列竖式计算

$129+679=$

$329+579=$

$115+279=$

$525-239=$

$881-627=$

$804-168=$

$222 \times 6=$

$363 \times 9=$

$121-136 \div 8$

$23 \times 10 \div 10$

$135+13 \times 8$

$(53+73) \div 7$

$(191-55) \div 8$

$(117-27) \div 9$

$27 \times 7 \div 7$

$(55+65) \div 8$

$147+10 \div 5$

# 三年级上册数学口算竖式脱式混合计算每日一练30天

姓名: \_\_\_\_\_ 日期: \_\_\_\_\_ 用时: \_\_\_\_\_

## 一、直接写出得数

$130+140=$

$203 \times 3=$

$800-229=$

$68-29=$

$32+18=$

$388 \times 1=$

$329+479=$

$28 \div 2=$

$216 \times 7=$

$376 \times 5=$

$992-288=$

$73-29=$

$39 \div 3=$

$109+338=$

$370+110=$

$18+25=$

$6000-4000=$

$7000-3000=$

$6000-1000=$

## 二、列竖式计算

$269+712=$

$296+138=$

$374 \times 4=$

$259 \times 4=$

$900-137=$

$742-595=$

$640-126=$

$579+326=$

## 三、脱式计算

$(147-93) \div 9$

$17 \times 10 \div 10$

$(53+77) \div 10$

$16 \times 10-42$

$270 \div 9 \times 9$

$(88+56) \div 9$

$(102-11) \div 7$

$60 \div 3-10$

$194-12 \times 8$

# 三年级上册数学口算竖式脱式混合计算每日一练30天

姓名: \_\_\_\_\_ 日期: \_\_\_\_\_ 用时: \_\_\_\_\_

## 一、直接写出得数

$456-109=$

$39 \div 3=$

$780-480=$

$313+239=$

$35+46=$

$265+287=$

$125 \times 4=$

$520-350=$

$410 \times 7=$

$80-36=$

$27+36=$

$126 \times 1=$

$42 \div 2=$

$358 \times 1=$

$71-29=$

$762-519=$

$7000+1000=$

$2000+1000=$

$9000-6000=$

## 二、列竖式计算

$893-248=$

$598+399=$

$960-149=$

$406 \times 3=$

$358+256=$

$478 \times 5=$

$980-309=$

$268+385=$

## 三、脱式计算

$(62+55) \div 9$

$(74+79) \div 9$

$174 \div 6 \times 22$

$213-22 \times 2$

$169-17 \times 8$

$42+5 \times 3$

$(83-59) \div 8$

$(75-39) \div 6$

$21 \times 8 \div 8$

# 三年级上册数学口算竖式脱式混合计算每日一练30天

姓名: \_\_\_\_\_ 日期: \_\_\_\_\_ 用时: \_\_\_\_\_

## 一、直接写出得数

$432 \times 4 =$

$308 \times 1 =$

$95 - 26 =$

$278 + 169 =$

$136 + 384 =$

$66 \div 2 =$

$48 + 43 =$

$410 - 250 =$

$171 \times 1 =$

$580 + 330 =$

$66 \div 3 =$

$399 \times 5 =$

$39 + 28 =$

$470 - 179 =$

$50 - 26 =$

$931 - 413 =$

$9000 - 3000 =$

$3000 - 1000 =$

$7000 - 6000 =$

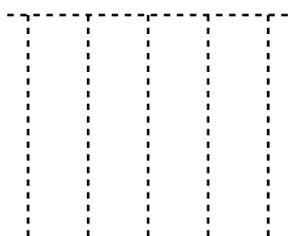
## 二、列竖式计算

$209 + 413 =$

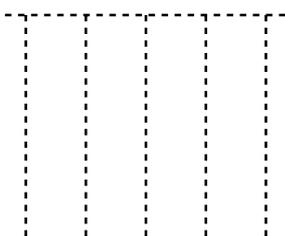
$990 - 108 =$

$145 + 178 =$

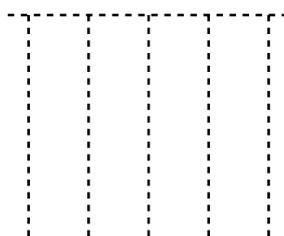
$690 - 373 =$



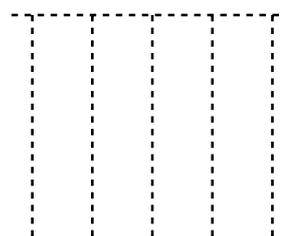
$125 \times 8 =$



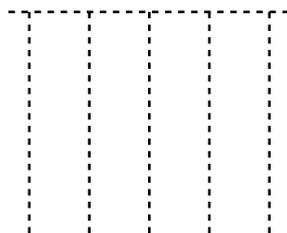
$291 \times 5 =$



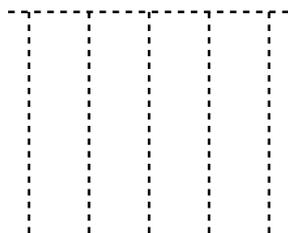
$178 + 366 =$



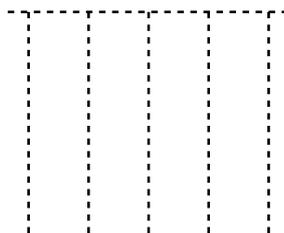
$582 - 274 =$



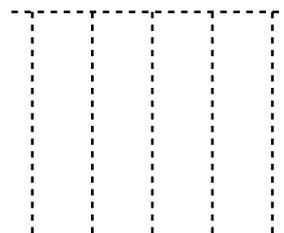
$(69 + 51) \div 10$



$160 \div 8 - 10$



$(142 - 114) \div 7$



$(131 - 12) \div 7$

$176 \div 8 \times 9$

$20 \div 10 + 174$

$192 - 9 \times 9$

$28 \times 4 \div 4$

$(56 + 54) \div 10$

# 三年级上册数学口算竖式脱式混合计算每日一练30天

姓名: \_\_\_\_\_ 日期: \_\_\_\_\_ 用时: \_\_\_\_\_

## 一、直接写出得数

$484 \times 8 =$

$950 - 300 =$

$82 \div 2 =$

$29 + 36 =$

$940 - 329 =$

$70 \div 7 =$

$239 + 435 =$

$70 - 32 =$

$495 \times 1 =$

$960 - 228 =$

$39 + 15 =$

$499 \times 1 =$

$664 + 278 =$

$92 - 55 =$

$279 \times 8 =$

$450 + 470 =$

$5000 + 3000 =$

$7000 - 3000 =$

$3000 + 2000 =$

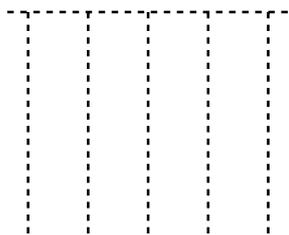
## 二、列竖式计算

$791 - 262 =$

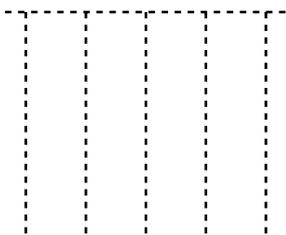
$319 + 148 =$

$109 \times 7 =$

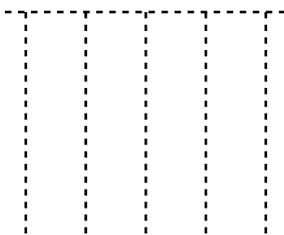
$990 - 109 =$



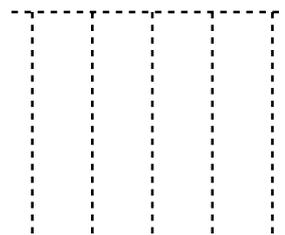
$452 \times 8 =$



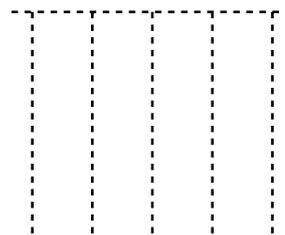
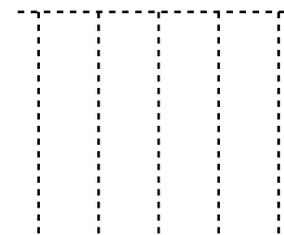
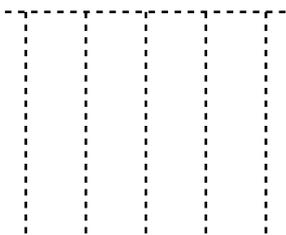
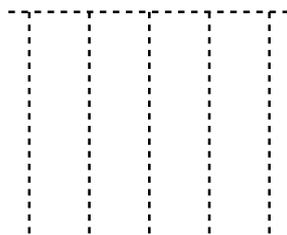
$407 + 519 =$



$451 + 119 =$



$561 - 226 =$



## 三、脱式计算

$(271 - 100) \div 9$

$(55 + 50) \div 7$

$187 + 19 \times 10$

$(52 + 76) \div 8$

$234 \div 9 \times 3$

$(257 - 157) \div 5$

$46 - 162 \div 9$

$19 \times 3 + 21$

$13 \times 10 \div 10$

# 三年级上册数学口算竖式脱式混合计算每日一练30天

姓名: \_\_\_\_\_ 日期: \_\_\_\_\_ 用时: \_\_\_\_\_

## 一、直接写出得数

$670-100=$

$64 \div 2=$

$304 \times 2=$

$326 \times 3=$

$140+140=$

$838-119=$

$66 \div 3=$

$19+18=$

$569+239=$

$19+13=$

$159+697=$

$890-249=$

$81-34=$

$80-17=$

$273 \times 3=$

$237 \times 1=$

$5000-1000=$

$7000-3000=$

$9000-3000=$

## 二、列竖式计算

$494 \times 9=$

$756-107=$

$419+398=$

$536-209=$

$219+609=$

$720-129=$

$213 \times 8=$

$259+249=$

## 三、脱式计算

$(122-94) \div 4$

$(57+63) \div 10$

$14 \times 9 \div 9$

$(227-171) \div 7$

$(51+61) \div 8$

$175 \div 7 \times 27$

$140 \div 7 - 10$

$100 \div 5 - 10$

$13+7 \times 8$

# 三年级上册数学口算竖式脱式混合计算每日一练30天

姓名: \_\_\_\_\_ 日期: \_\_\_\_\_ 用时: \_\_\_\_\_

## 一、直接写出得数

$82 \div 2 =$

$210 + 350 =$

$36 + 19 =$

$92 - 43 =$

$618 + 184 =$

$368 + 556 =$

$146 \times 1 =$

$291 \times 1 =$

$580 - 440 =$

$408 \times 6 =$

$861 - 289 =$

$80 - 19 =$

$391 \times 7 =$

$16 + 17 =$

$88 \div 2 =$

$382 - 149 =$

$6000 + 1000 =$

$2000 + 5000 =$

$4000 - 1000 =$

## 二、列竖式计算

$478 + 208 =$

$926 - 379 =$

$479 + 338 =$

$440 - 139 =$

$342 + 388 =$

$993 - 109 =$

$368 \times 8 =$

$295 \times 4 =$

## 三、脱式计算

$18 \times 9 \div 9$

$132 + 17 \times 10$

$(50 + 50) \div 10$

$(62 + 128) \div 10$

$(190 - 154) \div 6$

$175 \div 7 \times 2$

$(157 - 121) \div 9$

$117 - 78 \div 6$

$196 - 36 \div 2$

# 三年级上册数学口算竖式脱式混合计算每日一练30天

姓名: \_\_\_\_\_ 日期: \_\_\_\_\_ 用时: \_\_\_\_\_

## 一、直接写出得数

$95-46=$

$399+214=$

$813-349=$

$46 \div 2=$

$38+19=$

$39+49=$

$418 \times 8=$

$159+348=$

$60 \div 3=$

$912-104=$

$451 \times 4=$

$680+150=$

$95-36=$

$466 \times 1=$

$960-710=$

$256 \times 1=$

$3000+6000=$

$9000-2000=$

$4000+1000=$

## 二、列竖式计算

$964-219=$

$258+319=$

$960-105=$

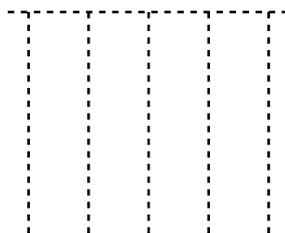
$377+149=$



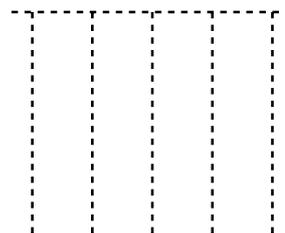
$694-318=$



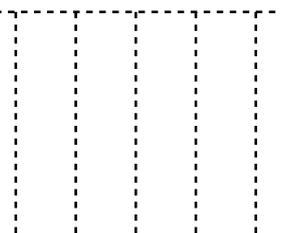
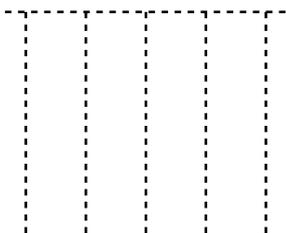
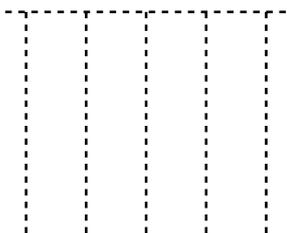
$478+186=$



$471 \times 6=$



$271 \times 3=$



## 三、脱式计算

$14 \times 7 - 24$

$(292-196) \div 8$

$27 \times 9 \div 9$

$16 \times 8 - 14$

$203 \div 7 \times 5$

$140 \div 7 - 10$

$(73+63) \div 8$

$(53+66) \div 7$

$(165-69) \div 8$

# 三年级上册数学口算竖式脱式混合计算每日一练30天

姓名: \_\_\_\_\_ 日期: \_\_\_\_\_ 用时: \_\_\_\_\_

## 一、直接写出得数

$418+119=$

$990-110=$

$15+48=$

$243 \times 2=$

$843-478=$

$513-118=$

$86-17=$

$176 \times 5=$

$62 \div 2=$

$90 \div 3=$

$80-17=$

$199+639=$

$39+18=$

$203 \times 4=$

$810-500=$

$165 \times 1=$

$4000+2000=$

$4000-3000=$

$9000-1000=$

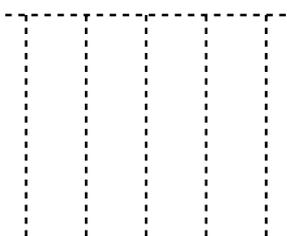
## 二、列竖式计算

$991-118=$

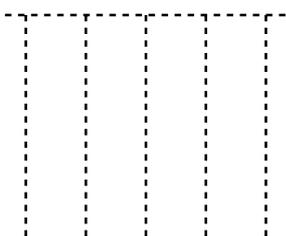
$197+657=$

$139+479=$

$750-374=$



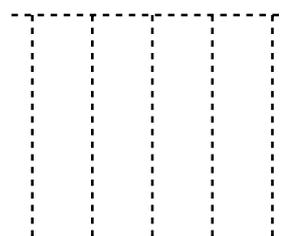
$109 \times 4=$



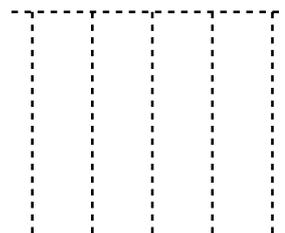
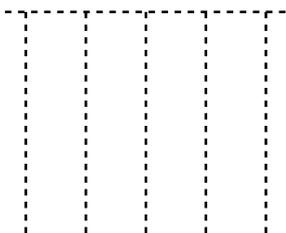
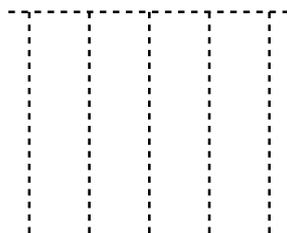
$188+312=$



$330 \times 6=$



$963-407=$



## 三、脱式计算

$(247-196) \div 3$

$16 \times 10 \div 8$

$157-11 \times 8$

$18 \times 10-58$

$140 \div 7-10$

$21 \times 6 \div 6$

$(50+50) \div 10$

$(297-153) \div 8$

$(66+87) \div 9$

# 三年级上册数学口算竖式脱式混合计算每日一练30天

姓名: \_\_\_\_\_ 日期: \_\_\_\_\_ 用时: \_\_\_\_\_

## 一、直接写出得数

$215+187=$

$900-160=$

$942-176=$

$365 \times 6=$

$93 \div 3=$

$391 \times 1=$

$109 \times 3=$

$384 \times 1=$

$810-400=$

$73-17=$

$561-297=$

$94-25=$

$66 \div 3=$

$38+44=$

$26+67=$

$249+398=$

$1000+2000=$

$8000-4000=$

$9000-4000=$

## 二、列竖式计算

$135 \times 5=$

$186+289=$

$950-166=$

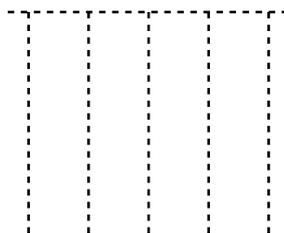
$950-117=$



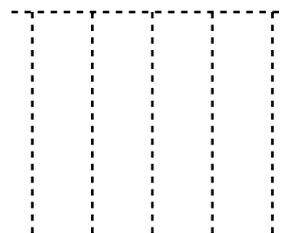
$237+659=$



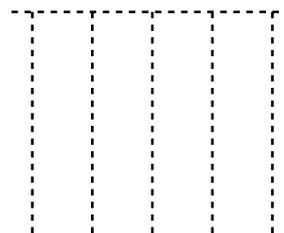
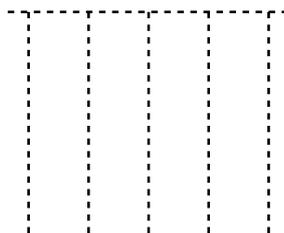
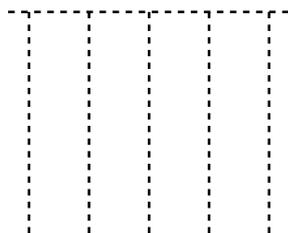
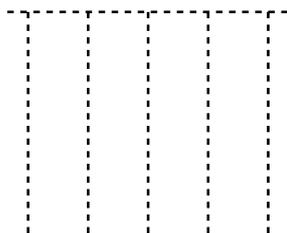
$258 \times 5=$



$309+149=$



$460-181=$



## 三、脱式计算

$(133-29) \div 8$

$(74+66) \div 10$

$19 \times 10+192$

$21 \times 9 \div 7$

$(224-180) \div 4$

$(54+51) \div 7$

$46-144 \div 9$

$17 \times 8 \div 8$

$60 \div 3-10$